Le Gouvernement de Corée ayant officiellement informé les
Représentants des Puissances Étrangères
à Séoul que l'insurrection est étendue
et ayant demandé leur appui pour
obtenir le rappel des troupes Chinoises
et Japonaises, le soussigné a reçu
l'ordre du Gouvernement de S
Majesté l'Empereur, en vu de
maîtriser, d'appuyer cette demande
au Gouvernement Coréen auprès du
Gouvernement Impérial du Japon,
en appelant toute son attention
sur la sérieuse responsabilité qui

Son Excellence
Monsieur Émule, Ministre
Ministre des Affaires Étrangères
attirant en intrayant l'occupation de la Corée par des troupes simultanément avec celles de la Chine.

En conséquence, le soussigné a l'honneur de porter ce qui précède à la connaissance de Son Excellence Monsieur le Ministre des Affaires Étrangères et sait cette occasion pour lui renvoyer les assurants de sa plus haute considération.

Signé

[Signature]

090144
Oteri,
Seoul. No.466.

No. I received your telegram 12 before resorting to violent measure wait for further instruction.

Kutsu.

June 30th 1894.
朝鮮政府に同国内乱既に鎮定せりとの旨、公然
同国駐留各国使臣之よし入兵兵等日本兵
撤回せひ、自証使臣等之援助諸国之兵
君主陛下政府之手、顕著大功責を
日本政府之手、顕著大功諸国之

前陳之事外務大臣閣下申退重大

前言及び表

外務大臣陸奧宗光閣下

千倉万福年六月廿三日

ハトツガラ

M 1129 00429

M 1129 00428
After Cabinet decision and Imperial sanction, the points of reply would likely be: 1st, incursion has not yet been entirely suppressed. 2nd, actual cause of incursion still exist as proved by its recurrence a few days ago and it is naturally to be concluded that Russian Government was under misapprehension on this point. 3rd, Japan's mission in Corea is entirely friendly and peaceful. 4th, and I am at one that Japan should never obey to the dictate of Russia. Pending my informing you of exact reply to Russia, if there is necessity, you may express in above sense in your own opinion.

June 30th, 1894.

Signed

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Note: The content of the table appears to be in Chinese, but the characters are not clearly legible due to the quality of the image.
Mitre.

I declared to the Russian Government contents of your last telegram regarding Corea question. Russian Government consent to the object of our demands but do not approve keeping troops because presence of both troops might cause serious collision between Japan and China and draw in also other powers, therefore Russian Government recommend to withdraw our troops together with that of China and to settle this question diplomatically. I explained them however that our troops should have been withdrawn long ago if we were sure that no more

Petersburg June 29 - 1894. 2,40 p.m.
Rec'd July 1st. 4,45 p.m.
put an obstacle to the simultaneous withdrawal of both Chinese and Japanese troops. A reply to the above will be sent after Cabinet decision and Imperial sanction of which I will inform you soon. Our demands to China and Corea are as you have been already informed and what we first proposed to act conjointly with China we are now proposing to Corea independently of China. In the event of the evacuation approached me under suggestion of British Minister to China and told me that Corea would be disposed to entertain Japan's proposal if it is on a basis of independence and prevention of disturbance.

beneath not touching the question of sovereignty. I answered that the suggestion is unintelligible as it is self-contradictory but that I would be very happy to accept it if it can be explained. You will confidentially inform Minister for Foreign Affairs of the foregoing adding that if I and I am determined not to obey the dictate of Russia.

June 30th, 1894.
The following official notice:

June 27, 12:00

Commencement due to an unexpected occurrence of which the Foreign Ministry announces in due course adoption to the international community and those directly affected.

(Announcement by the Foreign Ministry)

Having officially informed foreign missions and international organizations of the need to adopt this urgent notice, they are to immediately undertake the necessary arrangements. The arrangement for notification shall be decided by the Japanese Government.
4. to England, Russia, and others, that we would not go to war, unless defensively compelled for the sake of self-protection. So in the meanwhile limit your action to strong protest and prosecution of our proposal for reform and refrain from any violent offensive measures.

Mr. Bull will arrive at Shanghai on the 16th with my verbal instructions according to which you will act. & receive instructions from the Chinese dept. to refrain from taking hostile steps.

July 1, 1874

Mr. T. F.

Fact of Russian intervention is well known to the British Government. If I should omit everything concerning Russian Minister your last telegram would be worthless. You ought to place confidence in British Minister for Foreign Affairs who already did the towards you, besides you are not by any means obliged to accept Russian intervention and you can decline it in a friendly manner.

June 30th, 1874, 12.3. p.m.
Rt. July 1, 6. p.m.
Simultaneous withdrawals of both Chinese and Japanese troops.

Reply to the above will be sent after Cabinet decision and Imperial sanction, but if it is not to be accepted, it will likely be in the negative.

In a dispatch telegraphed on 8th April, as follows: "Minister for Foreign Affairs told me that British Minister to China reported that Japan had invited Russia to intervene in Korean question in order to exercise pressure on Japan. Under these circumstances a great complication might arise which England could not be indifferent. He requested me to induce you to communicate Japan's demands on China and Corea, probably with a view of mediating for their acceptance."

In the meantime, they approached me under suggestion of British Minister to China and told me that China would be disposed to entertain Japanese proposal if it is on a basis of independence and prevention of disturbances not touching the question of sovereignty under these circumstances the whole question may assume diplomatic complication directly between different governments and though Japan would not think from conflict yet we must maintain consistent attitude so as to justify our declaration.
Otori

Seoul

22. The Japanese government have received official despatches from the Korean government that the insurrection has been suppressed already and having asked to assist them to effect the withdrawal of Chinese and Japanese troops, the undersigned has received command from His Majesty to support the request of the Korean government by calling special attention of the Japanese government that they would assume a serious responsibility if they should put an obstacle to the
withdrawal of both Chinese and Japanese troops."

Reply to the above will be sent after Cabinet decision and Imperial sanction, but it would likely be in the negative because Japan should never obey dictation of Russia.

On 23rd, telegraphed date 24th, as follows:

Minister for Foreign Affairs told me that British Minister to China reported that Kita had invited Russia to intervene in Korea in order to exercise pressure on Japan. Under these circumstances a great complication might arise to which England could not be indifferent. He requested me to induce you to communicate Japan's demand.

on China and Korea

approached me under suggestion of British Minister to China and told me that China would be disposed to entertain Japan's proposal if it is on a basis of independence and prevention of disturbances not touching the question of sovereignty. I answered that the suggestion is unintelligible to me.

As it is self-contradictory, but that I would be very happy to accept it if it can be explained you will confidentially impart contents of this telegram to British Minister & China.

July 1, 1914

Mutsu
Komura

Peking

社日露不工会 brought one the following official despatch.

六月三日

"Czech Government having
officially informed foreign repres-
sentatives at Peking that insurrection
has been suppressed already and
having asked to assist them to
affect the withdrawal of Chinese
and Japanese troops, the undersigned
has received command from
His Majesty the Emperor to support
the request of Czech govern-
ment by calling special attention
of Japanese Government that they
would assume a serious
responsibility if they should put
an obstacle to the simultaneous
Munem

July 1, 1874.

French minister received report from mission in the effect that fifteen or about 3000 Chinese soldiers are to be despatched immediately and they will be landed at Pusan in Koganda. French minister deprecated war but says French interest in Korea is only the protection of missionaries. Komura.

July 1, 1874. 8:10 p.m.
Reid 2:10 a.m.
Matsui, Tokio

British Minister says he has never used the word independence, what he means is integrity which does not necessarily imply independence.

Kemura

Peking, July 23, 1894. 12.30 p.m.

Ref. " " 3.35 p.m.
11月

大学

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Il n'était pas de dire à son Excellence Personne le Ministre de Russie que la Corée serait
envahi par les troupes japonaises si que le gouvernement impérial
serait convaincu que la paix
étant rétabli en Corée, il ne gagnera
plus à craindre le retour de
l'insurrection et de troubles.

Le gouvernement impérial
désire, en adressant l'expression de sa
profonde gratitude au gouvernement
de Sa Majesté, l'Empereur de Russie
pour ses grâces et son aide constante,
est persuadé que le gouvernement
impérial Russe serait à la disposition de la présente déclaration de
davantage, en considération des
bons relations et de la confiance
reciproque qui existent été.

(Seigneur) Le Junter

Annexement entre les deux gouverna-
ments.

Le seigneur, en adressant
sa soumission à son Excellence
Personne le Ministre de Russie,
fait cette occasion pour lui
remettre les assurances de sa
plus haute considération.

(Signd) Le Junter

1129 06473
La cause qui a provoqué les troubles intérieurs n’étant pas seulement limitée, mais encore l’insurrection qui a forcé le Gouvernement Impérial à envoyer ses troupes n’est pas tout à fait réprimée, et il semble en conséquence indispensable de prendre des mesures nécessaires à cet effet. Car il est à craindre que si la cause de cette insurrection n’était pas complètement éteinte, elle donnerait de nouveaux soucis constante au Gouvernement et à ses peuples.

L’action du Gouvernement Impérial n’était pas guidée par une idée de l’agression au contraire, elle est passée par la nécessité absolue de la situation. Consciente le ministral
they are constrained to say that the Russian announcement was unhappily premature. If this last information should be verified, the Imperial Government have no doubt it will be.

It would not only appear that the existing causes of the disturbance had not been exaggerated, but that the actual revolt itself, which led to the despatch of the Japanese forces, yet remained to be dealt with. Again, if the causes of the revolt be not now entirely removed, they must remain to be a constant source of disorder and trouble.

The action of the Imperial Government is absolutely free of any assertion of territorial aggrandisement and it will proceed under all circumstances be limited to the real necessities of the actual situation.

Accordingly, the Undersigned does not hesitate to declare to His Excellency the Minister of Russia that the Japanese troops in Corea will be withdrawn the moment when the Imperial Government are satisfied that peace and tranquillity have been restored and there is no fear of disturbance in future.

The Imperial Government, while expressing their appreciation for friendly advice of the Imperial Russian Government, they at the same time firmly believe that the relations of reciprocal confidence and good correspondence which happily exist between the Government of His Imperial Majesty and that of His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias justify the hope entertained by the Imperial Government that the declaration given by the Undersigned will be accepted in perfect good faith.

The Undersigned seizes this opportunity to

(Signed) K. Katsumi

MT 1129 06478

MT 1129 06477
not now entirely removed, they must remain to be a constant source of
distress and trouble. Japan's action is absolutely free of any motive of
territorial aggrandizement, and it will moreover under all circumstances
be limited to real necessities of the
actual situation. Accordingly the
undersigned does not hesitate to
declare to Russian Minister that
Japanese soldiers will be withdrawn
the moment when Japanese govern-
ment are satisfied that peace and
tranquillity have been restored and
there is no fear of disturbance in
future.

Inform all Legations in Europe
and America except the Dutch
by words of my telegram E R 46
adding this telegram written.

July 23, 1894.

English translation.

The Government
Tokio, July 2, 1894

The note which His Excellency
the Minister of Russia did the honor
to sign the honour of presenting to him
on the afternoon of the 31st ultimo has
already received at the hands of the
Imperial Government, that careful con-
sideration which its importance demanded.

In that note it is stated that
the Government of Corea had officially
informed the foreign representatives at
Pekin that the insurrection in that
country had already been suppressed,
but according to the latest information
received by the Imperial Government
they

His Excellency
M. Kitchin
After the President, in the following, it is

(2) The President of the Russian Federation has signed a law on the establishment of the Ministry of Internal Affairs in the Russian Federation. The law is based on the Constitution of the Russian Federation and is aimed at ensuring the stability and security of the state. The law provides for the establishment of the Ministry of Internal Affairs, which will be responsible for maintaining public order and ensuring the security of the state. The law also provides for the establishment of the Ministry of Internal Affairs, which will be responsible for maintaining public order and ensuring the security of the state.

(3) The law provides for the establishment of the Ministry of Internal Affairs, which will be responsible for maintaining public order and ensuring the security of the state. The law also provides for the establishment of the Ministry of Internal Affairs, which will be responsible for maintaining public order and ensuring the security of the state.
yet remained to be dealt with.
Again if the cause of the trouble
be not now entirely removed
they must remain to be a
constant source of disorder and
trouble. Japan's action is absolutely
free of any motive of territorial
aggrandizement, and it will prove
under all circumstances to be limited
to real necessities of the actual
situation. Accordingly the
undertakers does not hesitate
to declare to Russian Minister
that Japanese soldiers will be
withdrawn the moment when
Japanese Government are satisfied
that peace and tranquility have
been restored and there be no
fear of disturbance in future.
Inform to Mr.  and

Sent July 1st 1894.
Apologies if the cause of the revolt is not entirely removed, they must remain to be a constant source of dispute and trouble. Japan's action is absolutely free from any motive of territorial aggrandizement, and it will continue under all circumstances be limited to real necessities of the actual situation. Accordingly the undersigned does not hesitate to declare that Russian Minister have been satisfied that peace and tranquility have been restored and there is no fear of disturbance in the future.

Minister

July 2, 1919

The following is the substance of my answer to H. I. Shikata.

Kumur:

Peking,

The following is the substance of my answer to H. I. Shikata:

In note of Russian Minister it is stated that Korean Government had officially informed foreign representatives in Peking that insurrection had already been suppressed, but according to the latest information, Japanese Government are persuaded to say that the Korean announcement was unhappily premature. If this last information should be verified, as Japanese Government have no doubt it will be, it would not only appear that exciting causes of discord have not been extirpated but that actual revolt itself which led to dispatch of Japanese soldiers.
Okashi
Shanghai

In the following official dispatch from the Korean government:

"The Korean Government having been officially informed of the

The following is the substance of

It is stated that the Korean Government

According to the latest information,

Japanese Government is constrained
to say that the Korean announcement

It is unhappy premature. If this

This last information should be verified

as Japanese Government have no

doubt it will be... it would not

of disturbance had not been satisfied

but that actual result itself which

yet remains to be dealt with."